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HiveForce Labs

WEEKLY

THREAT DIGEST

Actors, Attacks, and Vulnerabilities

19 to 25 DECEMBER 2022

Summary

Threat Actors

Hive Pro has discovered two actors that have been active in the last week. The first, [Gamaredon Group](#), is a famous Russian threat actor known for information theft and espionage. The second, [Vice Society](#), is a popular ransomware gang known for financial crimes. For further details, see the key takeaway section for actors.

Attacks

We also discovered seven new malware strains that have been active over the last week. [Agenda](#) is the latest strain of ransomware to use the cross-platform programming language Rust. [SiestaGraph](#) tends to make use of a .NET API package that can be used in place of the Microsoft Graph API. [RisePro](#) is a type of malware designed to steal sensitive information from infected computers and send it back to the attacker. A zero-day supply chain attack called "[aioconsole](#)" was discovered in the Python Package Index (PyPI). [Nokoyawa 2.0](#) is a 64-bit Windows-based ransomware family that was revised in late September 2022. [Ekipa](#) is a remote access trojan (RAT) used in targeted attacks that can be purchased on underground forums for the high price of \$3,900. [PolyVice](#), a ransomware variant developed by Vice Society, uses a strong encryption technique based on the NTRUEncrypt and ChaCha20-Poly1305 algorithms. For further details, see the key takeaway section for attacks.

Vulnerabilities

Last week, we discovered **30** vulnerabilities that organizations should prioritize. Of these, **four** were zero-days that were addressed by Microsoft. The remaining **26** vulnerabilities were addressed by their respective vendors. For further details, see the key takeaway section for vulnerabilities.

*for detailed insights on each of the actors, attacks, vulnerabilities, targeted locations, and sectors click on the highlighted phrase.

Key Takeaways

Threat Actors

Gamaredon Group (unattributed)

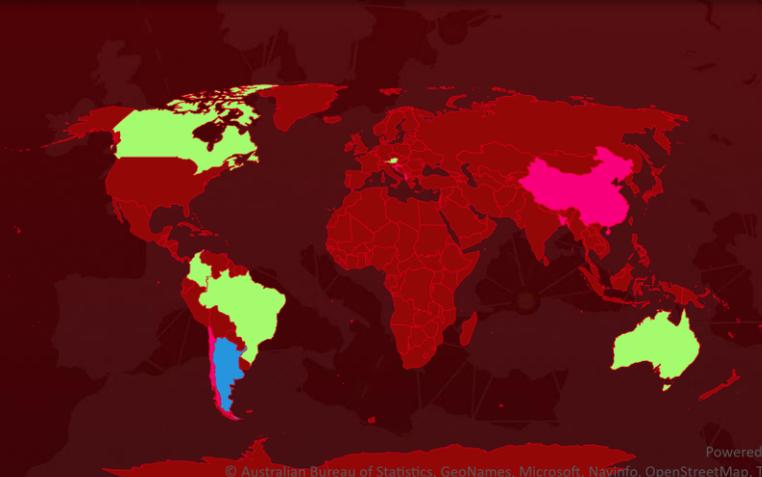
Gamaredon Group has employed fast flux DNS to improve its operational effectiveness. Fast flux DNS involves frequently pivoting through multiple IPs, using each for a brief time to make it difficult to block malicious domains using IP-based lists. Threat actors often hijack legitimate services to query IP addresses in order to avoid DNS logging for malicious domains.

Vice Society (PolyVice)

Vice Society has employed a new custom-designed ransomware called "PolyVice" to gain initial access to a network. To do this, the gang uses compromised credentials and exploits known vulnerabilities like PrintNightmare.

Actor Map

| Color | Targeted By |
|---|----------------------------------|
|  | Gamaredon Group |
|  | Vice Society |
|  | Vice Society; Gamaredon Group |



Actor Details

| ICON | NAME | ORIGIN | MOTIVE |
|---|---|---------|---------------------------------|
|  | <u>Gamaredon Group</u> (<u>Winterflounder</u> , <u>Primitive Bear</u> , <u>BlueAlpha</u> , <u>Blue Otso</u> , <u>Iron Tilden</u> , <u>Armageddon</u> , <u>SectorC08</u> , <u>Callisto</u> , <u>Shuckworm</u> , <u>Actinium</u> , <u>DEV-0157</u> , <u>UAC-0010</u>) | Russia | Information theft and espionage |
|  | <u>Vice Society</u> | Unknown | Financial crime |

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Key Takeaways

Attacks

Agenda Ransomware (unattributed)

Agenda is the latest strain of ransomware to use the cross-platform programming language Rust. The ransomware-as-a-service (RaaS) group Agenda, attributed to an operator named Qilin, has been linked to a number of attacks mainly targeting the manufacturing and IT industries.

SiestaGraph (unattributed)

SiestaGraph tends to make use of a .NET API package that can be used in place of the Microsoft Graph API. After gaining initial access, the threat actor gathers information on domain users and groups, and exports and archives victim mailboxes as PST files. A customized version of the IIS backdoor called DoorMe, with enhanced capabilities, was used to allocate shellcode and load additional implants.

RisePro (unattributed)

RisePro is a type of malware designed to steal sensitive information from infected computers and send it back to the attacker. It was first seen being sold on the illegal Russian online marketplace on December 13. The fact that RisePro is being sold on the Russian market may suggest that it is gaining popularity among cybercriminals.

Aioconsol (unattributed)

A zero-day supply chain attack called "aioconsol" was discovered on December 9, 2022, in a Python package published on the Python Package Index (PyPI) on December 6, 2022. All three versions of the package were published on the same day and contain malicious code that writes a binary file called "test.exe" and executes it as part of the installation process.

Nokoyawa 2.0 ransomware (unattributed)

Nokoyawa is a 64-bit Windows-based ransomware family that first appeared in early February 2022. The threat group behind Nokoyawa conducts double-extortion ransomware attacks, first stealing data from companies and then encrypting files and demanding a ransom payment. The 2.0 version of the Rust-based Nokoyama ransomware was revised in late September 2022

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Key Takeaways

Ekipa RAT (unattributed)

Ekipa is a remote access trojan (RAT) used in targeted attacks that can be purchased on underground forums for the high price of \$3,900. It primarily spreads and operates using Microsoft Office and Visual Basic for Applications. The trojan also comes with a control panel and tools for creating malicious macros in MS Word, Excel add-ins, and MS Publisher.

PolyVice ransomware (Vice Society)

Vice Society is a well-established ransomware group that has successfully targeted a range of enterprises. They aim to maximize their financial gain by using the standard double extortion strategy. In recent attacks, the group has employed a new custom-designed ransomware called "PolyVice," which uses a strong encryption technique based on the NTRUEncrypt and ChaCha20-Poly1305 algorithms.

TOP MITRE ATT&CK TTPS:

T1190

Exploit Public-Facing Application

T1203

Exploitation for Client Execution

T1204

User Execution

T1059

Command and Scripting Interpreter

T1036

Masquerading

T1588

Obtain Capabilities

T1102

Web Service

T1574

Hijack Execution Flow

T1078

Valid Accounts

T1552

Unsecured Credentials

T1497

Virtualization/Sandbox Evasion

T1027

Obfuscated Files or Information

T1047

Windows Management Instrumentation

T1547

Boot or Logon Autostart Execution

T1053

Scheduled Task/Job

T1560

Archive Collected Data

T1055

Process Injection

T1021

Remote Services

T1068

Exploitation for Privilege Escalation

T1564

Hide Artifacts

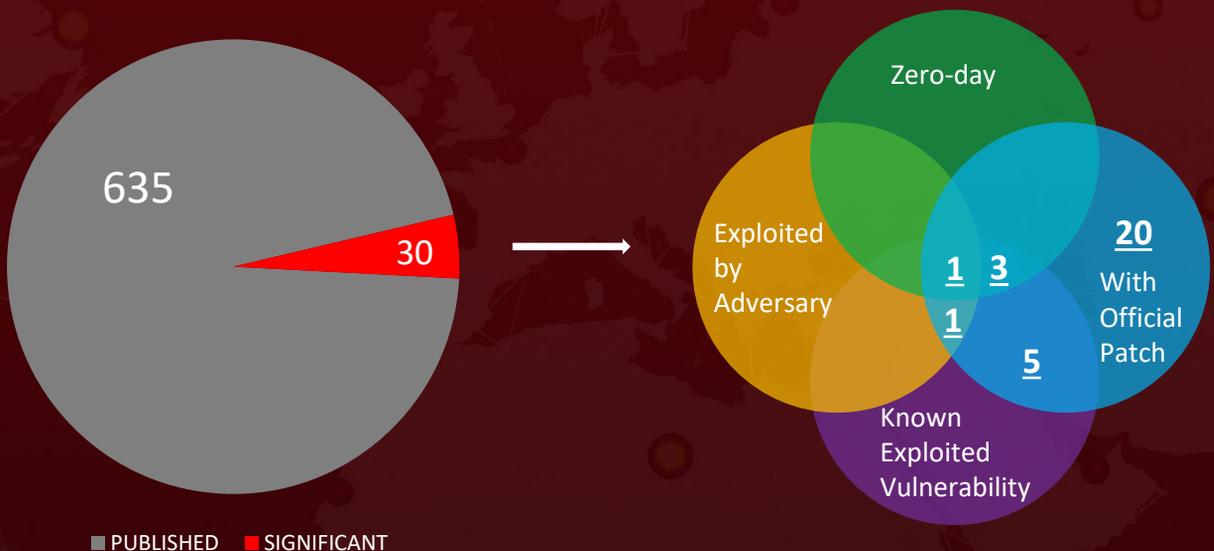
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Key Takeaways

Vulnerabilities

Four Zero-Days & 20 Notable Mentions

Two of these vulnerabilities, [ProxyNotShell](#) (CVE-2022-41082 and CVE-2022-41040), have been patched in December but remain under active exploitation. The third zero-day vulnerability is the well-known PrintNightmare vulnerability (CVE-2021-34527) that is being exploited by Vice Society. The fourth zero-day is the [CVE-2017-0144](#) vulnerability, which affected the SMB protocol and, like the [CVE-2022-37958](#) vulnerability, can affect a wide range of protocols to cause remote code execution. Additionally, [Apple](#), [Samba](#), [Cisco](#), and Microsoft addressed multiple security issues in several products.



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Recommendations

Security Teams

This digest can be used as a guide to help security teams prioritize the **30 significant vulnerabilities** and block the indicators related to the threat actors **Gamaredon, Vice Society** as well as the malware **Agenda Ransomware, SiestaGraph, RisePro, Aioconsol, Nokoyawa 2.0 Ransomware, Ekipa RAT** and **PolyVice Ransomware**.

Uni5 Users

This is an actionable threat digest for HivePro Uni5 customers, who can get comprehensive insights into their threat exposure and take action easily through the HivePro Uni5 dashboard by:

- Running a scan to discover the assets impacted by the **30 significant vulnerabilities**
- Testing the efficacy of their security controls by simulating the attacks related to **Agenda Ransomware, SiestaGraph, RisePro, Aioconsol, Nokoyawa 2.0 Ransomware, Ekipa RAT** and **PolyVice Ransomware** in Breach and Attack Simulation(BAS)



Threat Advisories

Check out the links below for more extensive remediation and security precautions.

[Ekipa RAT: A High-Priced and Evolving Threat for Targeted Attacks](#)

[Nokoyawa 2.0: A Reworked Rust-Based Ransomware](#)

[Two Zero-day Supply Chain Attacks Found in the Python Package Index](#)

[Apple addresses macOS Dirty Cow, Achilles, and other flaws](#)

[Outlining a new SiestaGraph backdoor](#)

[Agenda ransomware made its return with a Rust variant](#)

[Samba addressed a series of severe vulnerabilities](#)

[Multiple Old Vulnerabilities actively exploiting in Cisco Products](#)

[RisePro: A New Threat Emerges on the Russian Online Marketplace](#)

[New Exploit Method that Bypasses ProxyNotShell Mitigations](#)

[Gamaredon APT cyber feud strikes Ukrainian entities](#)

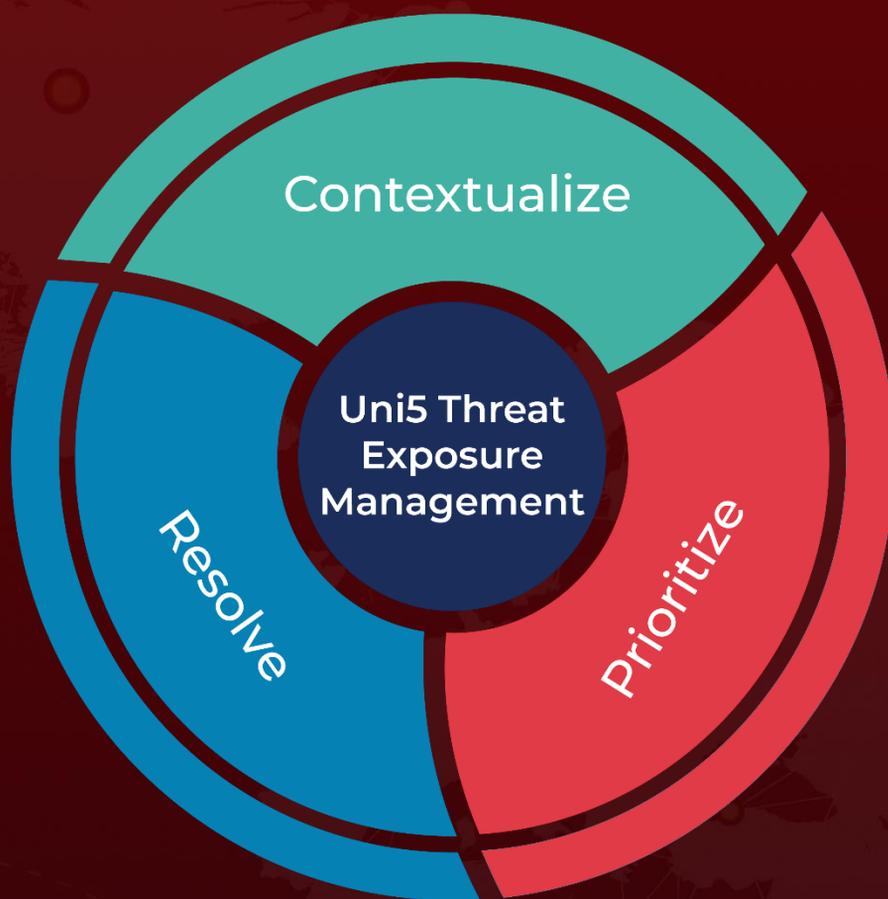
[Microsoft Rolled Out SPNEGO NEGOEX Critical Vulnerability](#)

[Vice Society gang switches to new custom ransomware](#)

What Next?

At Hive Pro, it is our mission to detect the most likely threats to your organization and to help you prevent them from happening.

Book a free demo with HivePro Uni5:Threat Exposure Management Platform.



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